A LIST OF FIREFLIES KNOWN OR LIKELY TO OCCUR IN OHIO; WITH SPECIAL NOTES ON SPECIES OF *ELLYCHNIA*^{1, 2} (LAMPYRIDAE: COLEOPTERA)

DANIEL E. MARVIN JR.³ Ohio University, Athens, Ohio

ABSTRACT

This paper provides a check list of Ohio Lampyridae. The species are listed in phylogenetic order and distribution records are given by counties. This study reveals 8 genera and 24 species recorded from Ohio. *Pyropyga minuta* LeConte is a new state distribution record.

Examination of male genitalia of specimens of the genus *Ellychnia* LeConte clearly shows that *E. corrusca* (Linnaeus), *E. autumnalis* (Melsheimer), and *E. lacustris* LeConte should each be classified as a distinct species.

During the course of this investigation, 2,271 specimens were examined. I collected a total of 1,374 of these specimens between 1960 and 1962 in Athens and neighboring counties in southeastern Ohio. The remaining specimens examined were in the collections of Ohio University (141), The Ohio State University Department of Zoology and Entomology (498), and The Ohio State Museum, Natural History Division (258). My field notes, data from museum specimens and literature records were combined to give information on ecology and distribution of Ohio species.

I wish to express my appreciation to Dr. W. C. Stehr, Ohio University, for his suggestions and guidance during this study. Thanks are also extended to Dr. J. N. Knull, The Ohio State University, and Dr. Edward S. Thomas, The Ohio State Museum, for the use of their collections.

"North American Fireflies of the Genus *Photuris*" was published by H. S. Barber in 1951. This paper contains descriptions of 10 new species and 2 new varieties of American fireflies. Prior to this work, *Photuris pensylvanica* DeGeer was the only species of this genus recorded from Ohio. Barber's system of classification is based primarily on variation in the flashing behavior of the males of the species, and to a lesser degree on seasonal variation in population between species. I made limited observations on the Ohio species of this genus. It was noted that variation does occur in the flashing behavior of the males, but no definite pattern could be detected. Most specimens collected exhibited a single green flash given at varying intervals; however on several occasions, specimens were collected which had given a series of short quick flashes. Due to insufficient data on behavior, the studied specimens of this genus were not identified to species by Barber's arrangement, but have been placed in a *Photuris pensylvanica* complex.

Using an earlier system of classification, F. O. Hazard (1929) in his work on the Ohio Lampyridae, reported 7 genera, 17 species, and 1 variety of the tribe Lampyrini as occurring in Ohio. This tribe has now been raised to the family Lampyridae, and 2 of the species and the 1 variety reported by Hazard have since been reduced to synonymy. My study revealed 8 genera and 24 species recorded from Ohio with 1 genus and 7 additional species of possible occurrence. One specie is newly recorded from the state.

The species in the following list are arranged phylogenetically, and the distribution records are given by county. When a county is represented by one or two specimens, the date of collection and deposition of each specimen is included;

¹In partial fulfillment of requirements for Master of Science degree.

²Manuscript received November 27, 1962.

³Present address: Department of Biology, Radford College, Radford, Virginia.

when represented by a larger number, the total number of specimens examined for that county is listed with the collections in which they were found. tions have been abbreviated in the following manner: Ohio University (OU), The Ohio State University (OSU), the Ohio State Museum (OSM), and author's collection (AC). Additional information on relative abundance, seasonal occurrence, biological and ecological notes, and habits is included when sufficient data permit.

CHECK LIST OF OHIO LAMPYRIDAE

Lucidota Castlenau

L. atra (Fabricius)

Ashland, 7-VII-40 OSM 1-VI- OSU

Ashtabula, -VI-09 OSU Belmont, 5 specimens OSM Champaign, 13-VI-61 OSU Columbiana, 21-VI-32 OSM

Delaware, 3 specimens OSU

Fairfield, 19-VII-38 OSM 29-VI-35 OSU Franklin, 17-VI-35 OSM 16-VII-35 OSU

Greene 15-VI-53 OSU Jefferson, 25-VI-39 OSM Licking, 27-VI-46 OSM

Muskingum, 4-VII-33 OSM

Summit, 1-VII-20 OSU

This species is a diurnal form often occurring in large colonies. June 15 to August 1.

L. punctata LeConte

Ashland 1-VII OSU Belmont, 24-VI-39 OSM

Delaware, 21-VI-50 OSU 24-VI-52 OSM

Hocking, 12 specimens OSU

Scioto, 9-VI-45 OSU June 10 to July 20.

Ellychnia LeConte

E. autumnalis (Melsheimer)

Champaign, 8-X-35 OU

E. lacustris LeConte*

No state record, but known to occur in Michigan, Minnesota, and Wisconsin.

E. corrusca (Linnaeus)

Ashland, 27-V- OSU Champaign, 7-V-43 OSM Columbiana, 9-IX-33 OSM Erie, 6-VIII-02 OSU

Franklin, 6-IV-32 OSM Harrison, 2-IV-39 OSM

Jackson, 5-XI-35 OU 12-VI-32 OSM

Licking, 21-V-33 OSM

Pike, 14-X-34 OSM

Scioto, 10-VI-44 OSU Tuscarawas, 16-V-50 OSM This species is a common diurnal woodland form, usually found in shady locations, and overwinters as an adult. Most abundant in early spring and fall.

Pyropyga Motschulsky

P. nigricans (Say)

Athens, 24-VI-61 AC Franklin, 10-VII-51 OSM Lucas, 29-VI- OSU June 25 to August 15.

Erie, 8-VII-42 OSM Holmes, 7-VIII-32 OSM Williams, 10-VII-49 OSM

Athens, 117 specimens; all collections

Butler, 22-VI-28 OSM Clinton, 17-VII-28 OSM Coshocton, 3-VII-32 OSM

Erie, 6-VII-35 OSU

Hocking, 23 specimens OSU, OSM, AC

Lawrence, ——OSU Meigs, 10-VI-34 OU

Scioto, 21-VI-36 OSM 17-VI-44 OSU

Vinton, 19-VI-01 OSU 15-VI-32 OU

Athens, 13 specimens OU, AC Clinton, 4 specimens OSM

Paulding, literature record

Athens, 43 specimens OU, AC

Fairfield, 6 specimens OU, OSU, OSM

Hocking, 62 specimens; all collections.

Clinton, 12-III-28 OSM

Geauga, 25-III-35 OSM

Noble, 4 specimens OU

Ross, 8-XII-45 OU

Delaware, 21-V-OSU

P. decipiens (Harris)

Ashtabula, literature record Champaign, 2-VIII-51 OSM Defiance, literature record

Fairfield, 29-VI-35 OSU

Geauga, 17-VII-36 OSM Guernsey, literature record

Licking, 17-VII-35 OSM

Williams, literature record

Huron, 1-VII-32 OSM Knox, literature record Pickaway, 24-VI-51 OSM Ross, literature record Portage, 21-VI-32 OSM

This is the most common species of this genus; collected in open grassland fields near small streams or ponds. June 20 to August 1.

P. minuta LeConte

Athens, 24-VI-61 AC 3-IX-61 AC 16-VIII 33 OU

Meigs, 28-VII-39 OU

New state record.

Photinus Castlenau

P. cooki Green*

No state record, but known to occur in Kentucky and Tennessee.

P. sabulosus Green

Athens, 13 specimens AC, OU Delaware, 2-VII-OSU

Hocking, 5 specimens OSU

Scioto, 10-VI-44 OSU 17-V-44 OSU

Champaign, 18-VI-59 OSU Green, 8-VI-50 OSU Meigs, 29-VI-35 OU

Athens, 106 specimens AC, OU, OSM

Clinton, literature record

Gallia, 4-IX-45 OU

Greene, 22-VII-OSU

Holmes, 2-VIII-32 OSM

Delaware, 9 specimens OSU

This species occurs in small numbers in early evening near marginal woodland vegetation.

P. marginellus LeConte

Athens, 23-VI-39 OU Fairfield, 5-VIII-51 OSM Greene, 4 specimens OSU Madison, 4-VII-51 OSM

Pickaway 7-VII-31 OSM

Marion, 10 specimens OSM Summit, 16 specimens OSU This species emits a short yellow flash at about 5-sec intervals. June 1 to August 1.

Delaware, 24-VI-52 OSM 2-VII- OSU

Hocking, 8 specimens OSU, OSM

Delaware, 64 specimens OSU

Franklin, 10-VIII-39 OSM

P. curtatus Green

Athens, 11 specimens AC Franklin, 15 specimens OSM

This species inhabits moist woodland areas. June 15 to July 5.

P. scintillans (Sav)

Summit, literature record

Female not similar to male, brachypterous.

P. pyralis (Linnaeus)

Adams, 25-VI-33 OSM

Athens, 521 specimens AC, OU

Champaign, 27-VII-35 OSM 18-VI-51 OSU

Coshocton, 22-VI-32 OSM Defiance, 6-VII-48 OSM Erie, 18-VII-38 OSM

Franklin, 15 specimens OSU, OSM Highland, 10-VII-29 OSM 20-VIII-35 OU

Hocking, 12 specimens, All collections

Huron, 1-VII-32 OSM

Licking, 11-VII-37 OSM 6-VII-31 OSM

Lucas 3-VIII-35 OSM Muskingum, 3-VII-32 OSM

Preble, 6-VII-50 OSM 11-IX-29 OSM

Allen, 5 specimens OSM Butler, 1-VII-38 OSM

Highland, 7-VII-53 OSM

Crawford, -VII-39 OSM Delaware, 32 specimens OSU Fairfield, 11-VIII-39 OSM Greene, 8 specimens OSU

Jackson, 6-VII-35 OSM

Meigs, 23-VII-38 Pickaway, 19-VII- OSU Ross, 20-VI-34 OSM

Scioto, 17-VI-44 OSU

Warren, 21-VI-36 OSM

This is the most abundant Ohio species of firefly, occurring in large numbers from June to September. Most frequently found flying over lawns and open meadows.

P. brimleyi Green*

No state record, but known to occur in Kentucky. Female not similar to male, brachypterous, larviform.

P. indictus (LeConte)

Ashtabula, 23–VI–37 OSM Fairfield, 3–VI–34 OSM Delaware, 2-VII- OSU Ross, 10-VIII-32 OSM

Summit, 15-VII-20 OSM 28-VI-60 OSM

P. consanguineus LeConte

Ashtabula, literature record

Scioto, 10-VI-44 OSU 17-VI-44 OSU

Vol. 65

P. consimilis Green

Athens, 24-VIII-61 AC

Holmes, literature record

Champaign, 27-VII-35 OSM

P. ardens LeConte Athens, 24-VIII-33 OU

Erie, 7-VI-32 OSM 17-VI-32 OSM

Holmes, 17-VI-31 OSM 18-VI-31 OSM

Pyractomena LeConte

P. angulata (Say)

Adams, 3-VI-30 OSM 22-VI-35 OU

Athens, 6 specimens OU, AC
Delaware, 19 specimens OSU

Hocking, 42 specimens OSU, OSM

Lucas, 9-VI-38 OSU Scioto, 17 specimens OSU Champaign, 8 specimens OSU, OSM

Franklin, 9-VI-38 OSU Jackson, 28-VI- OSM Ross, 20-VI-34 OSM

Scioto, 17 specimens USU

This is probably the most widely distributed species of this genus. June 1 to August 1.

P. lucifera (Melsheimer)

Clinton, literature record Hamilton, literature record Fairfield, 23–VII–39 OSM Summit, 27–VI– OSM 26–VI–01 OSU

P. sinuata Green*

No state record, but known to occur in Pennsylvania and Illinois.

P. borealis (Randall)

Champaign, literature record

Warren 4-VI-52 OSU

This species is the largest firefly in Ohio, ranging from 12-19 mm.

P. marginalis Green*

No state record, but known to occur in New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia and Illinois.

No state record, by P. linearis Green

Holmes, 19-VI-31 OU

P. dispersa Green

Athens, 21 Specimens AC OU

Greene, 12-VI-53 OSU

Hocking, 2-VI-57 OSU 20-V-57 OSU

This species can be collected just at dusk, in open fields and lawns. June 1 to July 1. Phausis LeConte

P. splendidula (Linnaeus)*

No state record, but known to occur in Maryland and Illinois.

P. inaccensa LeConte*

No state record, but known to occur in Indiana.

Pleotomus LeConte

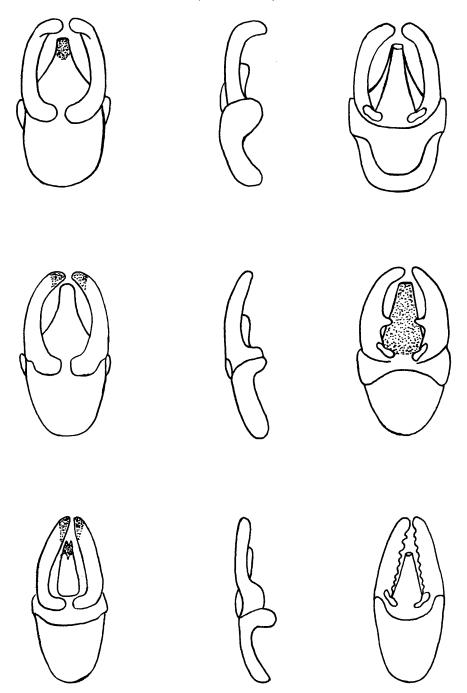
P. davisi LeConte

Franklin, 26-VI-36 OSM Probably this species.

Photuris Dejean

P. pensylvanica (DeGeer) Complex

Adams, 3-VI-30 OSM 11-VI-39 OSM



Figures show male genitalia of species of *Ellychnia* LeConte; dorsal, lateral, and ventral views are arranged in that order from left to right.

FIGURE 1 (at top). *Ellychnia corrusca* (Linnaeus).

FIGURE 2 (in middle). *Ellychnia autumnalis* (Melsheimer).

FIGURE 3 (at bottom). *Ellychnia lacustris* LeConte.

Ashtabula, 6-VII-34 OSU Belmont, 24-VI-39 OSM Crawford, -VII-39 OSM Erie, 17-VI-37 OSM

Franklin, 30-VI-31 OSM 14-VI-35 OSM

Hocking, 9 specimens, all collections

Knox, 22-VI-32 OSM Meigs, 27-VI-36 OSM Summit, 15-VII-20 OSU Washington, 4-VI-39 OU

Licking, 11-VII-36 OSM Scioto, 6 specimens OSU, OSM

Athens, 351 specimens AC, OU

Delaware, 11 specimens OSU, OSM

Clinton, 8-VI-28 OSM

Fairfield, 3-VII-37 OSM

Warren, 20-VII-40 OSM

This complex of species is common throughout Ohio. June 1 to September 10. Polyclasis LeConte

P. bifaria (Say)

Athens, 26-VII-35 OU 15-VII-61 AC

Champaign, 9-VI- OSU

Hamilton, ----OSU

This diurnal, woodland species is not common in Ohio.

NOTES ON SPECIES OF Ellychnia LECONTE

Little has been published concerning species of the genus Ellychnia LeConte, and the exact taxonomic position of certain species has been in question for some time.

LeConte (1881) considered autumnalis (Melsheimer) and lacustris LeConte as subspecies of E. corrusca (Linnaeus). W. S. Blatchley (1910) raised lacustris to the species level, but continued to treat autumnalis as a subspecies. Catalogue of Coleoptera (1920) Leng followed LeConte's treatment. McDermott (1958) states that though autumnalis is often given as a "variety" of E. corrusca, it should be considered as a distinct species.

The male genitalia of seven specimens of E. autumnalis, and 17 specimens of E. lacustris from the collection of W. C. Stehr, were examined. Larger numbers of genitalia extractions were made from E. corrusca. The genitalia of these forms may be described as follows:

E. corrusca (Linnaeus), figure 1; large and broad, with lateral lobes deeply incurved near apex; color entirely black.

E. autumnalis (Melsheimer), figure 2; oblong with inner margins of lateral lobes deeply notched at base; color black, with grey area near apex of lateral lobes.

E. lacustris LeConte, figure 3; long and narrow, lateral lobes straight with inner margins finely serrate; color dark piceous, with lighter area near apex of lateral lobes.

The distinct differences discovered in the male genitalia of E. corrusca (Linnaeus), E. autumnalis (Melsheimer), and E. lacustris LeConte support the view that these three should be considered as separate species.

REFERENCES

Barber, H. S. 1951. North American Fireflies of the genus Photuris. Smith. Misc. Coll. 117(1):

Blatchley, W. S. 1910. The Coleoptera of Indiana. Ind. Dept. Geol. and Nat. Sci. Bull. I:

Hazard, F. O. 1929. The Lampyridae of Ohio. Masters Thesis. Dept. of Zoo. and Ent., The Ohio State University. 36-50.

LeConte, J. L. 1881. Synopsis of the Lampyridae of the United States. Trans. Am. Ent. Soc. 9: 15–72.
Leng, C. W. 1920. Catalogue of Coleoptera of America north of Mexico. Supplements 1927, 1933, 1939, 1948, John D. Sherman. Mt. Vernon, New York.
McDermott, F. A. 1958. The Fireflies of Delaware, with general notes on fireflies. Soc. Nat.

Hist. Del., 2nd. ed. 1-36.