A New Species of Aphricus from California (Coleoptera: Elateridae)

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A NEW SPECIES OF APHRICUS FROM CALIFORNIA
(COLEOPTERA: ELATERIDAE)

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Aphricus lanei n. sp.

Male.—Narrow, elongate; dark brown, almost black; legs, antennae and mouth parts lighter; body and legs densely pubescent.

Head convex on vertex, front concave; surface densely finely punctured giving a rugose appearance; mandibles prominent; labrum connate with clypeus and in same plane; supra-antennal margin of frons continuous above labrum, finely carinate; antennae long, slender, reaching to about middle of elytra, ratio of lengths of segments 1 to 11, 8:4:6:10:11:12:12:12:14:13:14.

Pronotum longer than wide, widest near middle; sides converging posteriorly, sinuate near base, hind angles acute, somewhat divergent, with fine carina on side; disk convex, finely, densely punctured. Scutellum prominent, densely pubescent.

Aphricus lanei n. sp.

(Line equals 1 mm.)

Elytra at base wider than widest part of head or pronotum; sides subparallel near base then gradually converging to acutely rounded apices; surface with punctures of striae separated by less than their own diameters, punctures larger than those of pronotum, interspaces minutely punctured, pubescence dense.

Beneath with metasterum truncate anteriorly, mesocoxae separated, meso- and meta-thoracic suture distinct between mesocoxae, which are enclosed by meso- and metasternum; prothoracic sternopleural sutures not converging posteriorly. Legs slender, apex of each tibia with two spines.

Length 6.8 mm.; width 1.8 mm.


This species differs from A. californicus Lee. by being somewhat larger, darker in color and more pubescent. It lacks the apical carina on the fifth elytral interspace of californicus.

I take pleasure in naming this species for M. C. Lane, who has aided me greatly in my studies of the Elateridae.