Pressure is still high in Antarctica and activity slight.
A sharp fall of temperature followed by unstable conditions with snow and hail showers occurred at Macquarie Island as front f passed.
The movement of front a over Australia has been rapid. Its passage is shown in the Macquarie Island records but is not clear in those of the "Aurora" to the northward. There is widespread rain over New Zealand.
Little of note. Temperatures are high over the eastern interior of Australia.
It is very hot in the interior of Queensland while over Western Australia there is a strong outbreak of cold air.
Fronts have moved very rapidly over Australia but are well marked. B is just passing the "Aurora" which is south of Tasmania and passes Macquarie Island later in the day, B being a rather deep depression.
Another secondary front is passing the "Aurora" which is south of Tasmania. The wind has increased at Adélie Land with the passage of c.
The passage of front e is shown at both Macquarie Island and the "Aurora."
Secondary front c is well marked at Melbourne and at the "Aurora," which is south of Tasmania, and also passes Macquarie island. Fronts generally during this period are, however, poorly marked and the analysis is difficult.
High pressure continues in Antarctica. Fronts remain poorly developed in the New Zealand area.
Little of note.
Pressure has fallen somewhat in Antarctica and a front has passed Adelie Land and Cape Evans.
Note persistence of north-westerly winds at Macquarie Island. The analysis is difficult.
The analysis is still difficult and activity slight. Pressure is becoming low in Antarctica.
A cyclone centres passes Macquarie Island; the temperature changes seem to indicate that the occlusion is passing just south of it. It is very hot and the atmosphere is unstable in Western Australia.
A front has passed the "Terra Nova," which is east of the South Island of New Zealand. Irregular fluctuations of temperature continue at Macquarie Island for several days. There is also considerable diurnal variation.
Little of note.
The passage of front $d'$ is shown at the "Terra Nova." Front $e$ does not seem to reach Macquarie Island but later passes the "Terra Nova."
Conditions are stormy and rain is widespread over New Zealand.
Note the south-easterly wind at the "Terra Nova," south-east of New Zealand, and consequent location of occlusion to the north of it. The report from s.s. "Mooltan" in the Great Australian Bight is somewhat doubtful.
It was not possible to trace the passage of front $f$ at the "Terra Nova." It is very hot in the interior of Australia.
Front P is well marked in Australia but produces little change of temperature at Macquarie Island where the wind remains north of west.

A depression is crossing Queen Mary Land. The wind and pressure changes indicate that a cold front first passes and that then an occlusion passes just to the south.
The passage of front $f^1$ is shown definitely at Macquarie Island and at the "Terra Nova," which is to the eastward.
There is more activity now in Antarctica.
Few reports available from Australia.
A depression is passing to the south of Cape Evans while another is approaching Adélie Land.
A wave has just passed Adelie Land while a fresh front is crossing Queen Mary Land.
Note the weather sequence at the "Terra Nova" in the Ross Sea as front A passes. Unstable conditions at Macquarie Island following the passage of A are shown in the temperature trace.
Front A was probably originally part of A from which it was separated as the latter passed anticyclone B. A depression appears to pass south of Cape Evans.
Note the series of changes at the "Aurora" south of Tasmania and at Macquarie Island. The occlusion of wave $k_1$ evidently passes to the south of the latter where the temperature falls sharply in the afternoon of the next day. The "Aurora" also shows the effect of its passage.
Little of note.

TUES. 31ST DEC. 1912