

# **New Qualitative Features in Intramolecular Dynamics: Simple Examples**

**B. I. Zhilinskii<sup>a</sup>, D. Sadovskii<sup>a</sup>, K. Efstathiou<sup>b</sup>**

<sup>a</sup> **Université du Littoral, UMR 8101 du CNRS, 59 140**

**Dunkerque, France**

<sup>b</sup> **Rijksuniversiteit Groningen,**

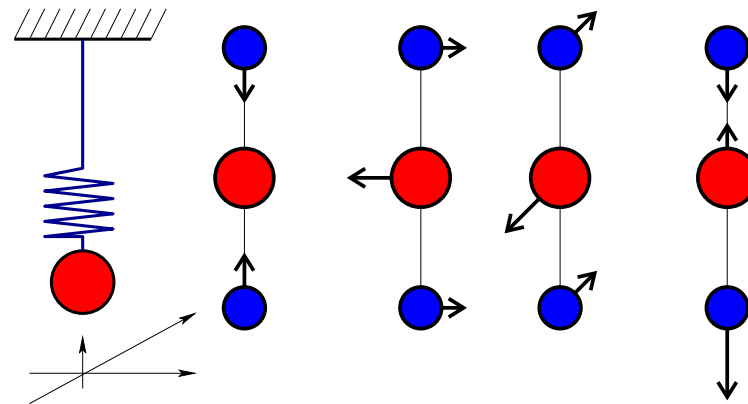
**Groningen 9747 AC, The Netherlands**

**June 2007**

**62-th Symposium on Molecular Spectroscopy,**

**Columbus, Ohio**

# Monodromy of *swing-spring* with 1:1:2 resonance - model of Fermi resonance in CO<sub>2</sub>



3D of freedom dynamical system - three resonant nonlinear oscillators - in the presence of axial symmetry.

CO<sub>2</sub> has four vibrational modes: symmetric and antisymmetric stretch and doubly degenerate bending. Antisymmetric vibration is out of resonance and can be “neglected” (averaged).

Integrable model

$$L = \frac{1}{2}(z_2\bar{z}_3 - \bar{z}_2z_3)i, \quad (1)$$

$$N = \bar{z}_1z_1 + \frac{1}{2}\bar{z}_2z_2 + \frac{1}{2}\bar{z}_3z_3, \quad (2)$$

$$H = aS + bR + cR^2 + E(N, L). \quad (3)$$

written in terms of invariant polynomials

$$R = \frac{1}{2}\bar{z}_2z_2 + \frac{1}{2}\bar{z}_3z_3 = (n_2 + n_3), \quad (4)$$

$$S = \frac{1}{4}(\bar{z}_1z_3^2 + z_1\bar{z}_3^2 + z_1\bar{z}_2^2 + \bar{z}_1z_2^2), \quad (5)$$

$$T = \frac{1}{4}(\bar{z}_1z_3^2 - z_1\bar{z}_3^2 - z_1\bar{z}_2^2 + \bar{z}_1z_2^2)i, \quad (6)$$

with  $z = q - ip, \bar{z} = q + ip, \{z, \bar{z}\} = 2i$

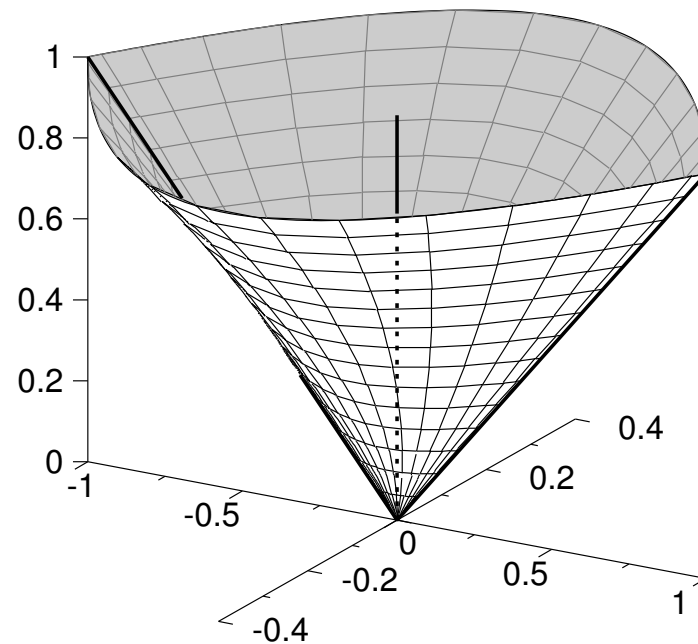
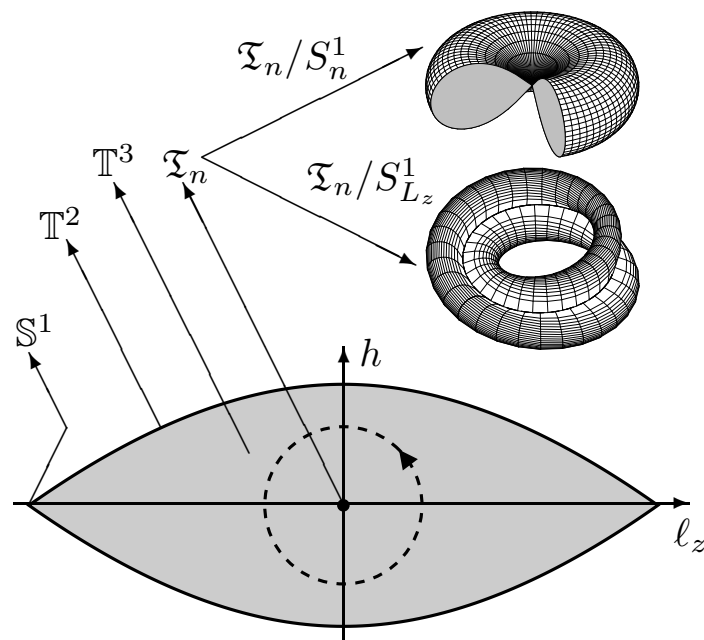
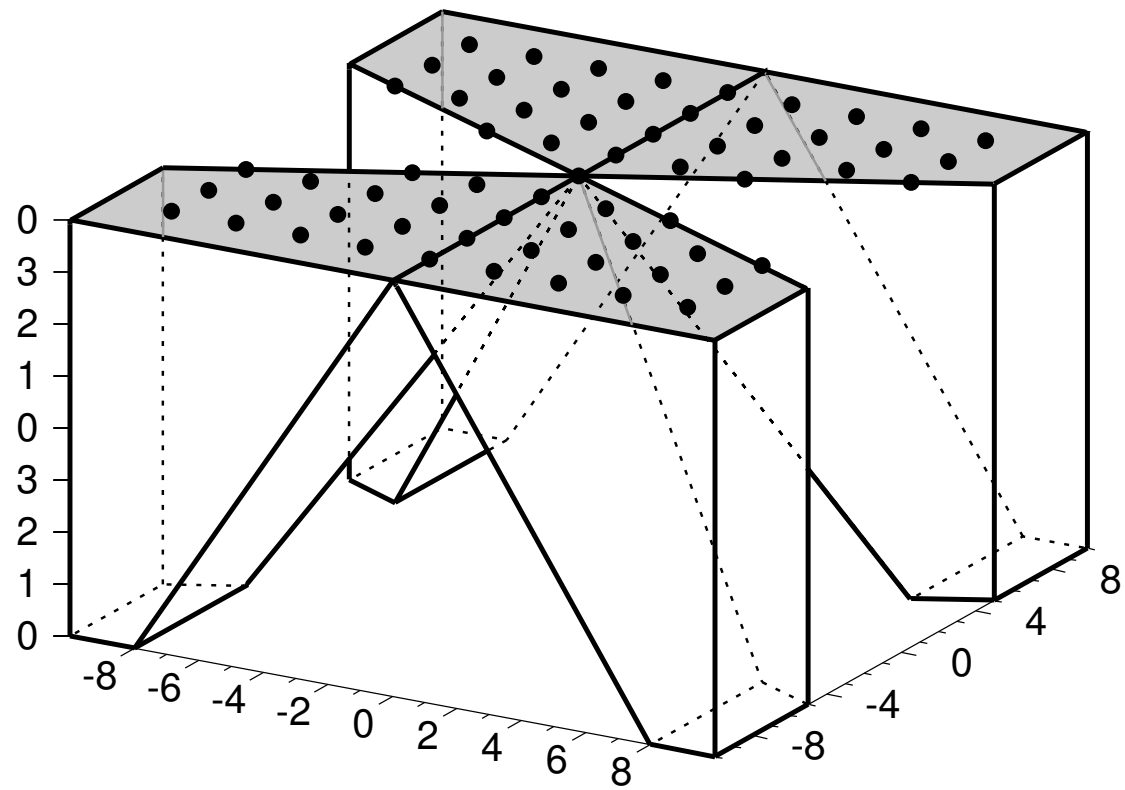
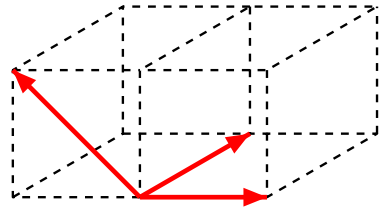
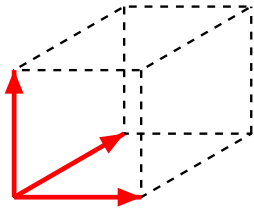
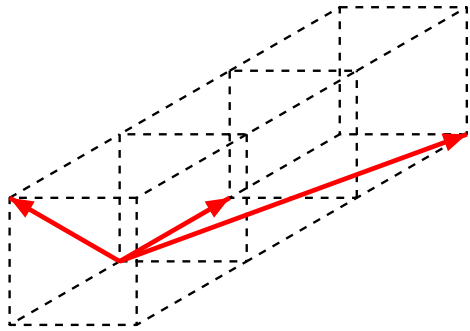
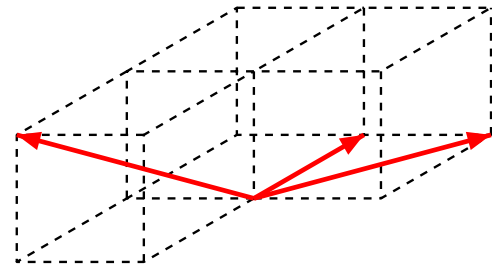
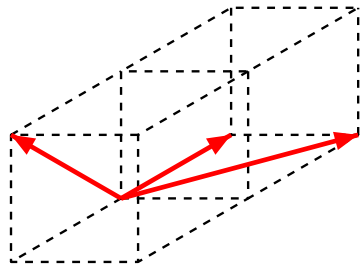


Image of the energy momentum map for the 1 : 1 : 2 resonant oscillator system with axial symmetry (*and without detuning*). Full 3D-image, typical constant- $n$  section and fibers.

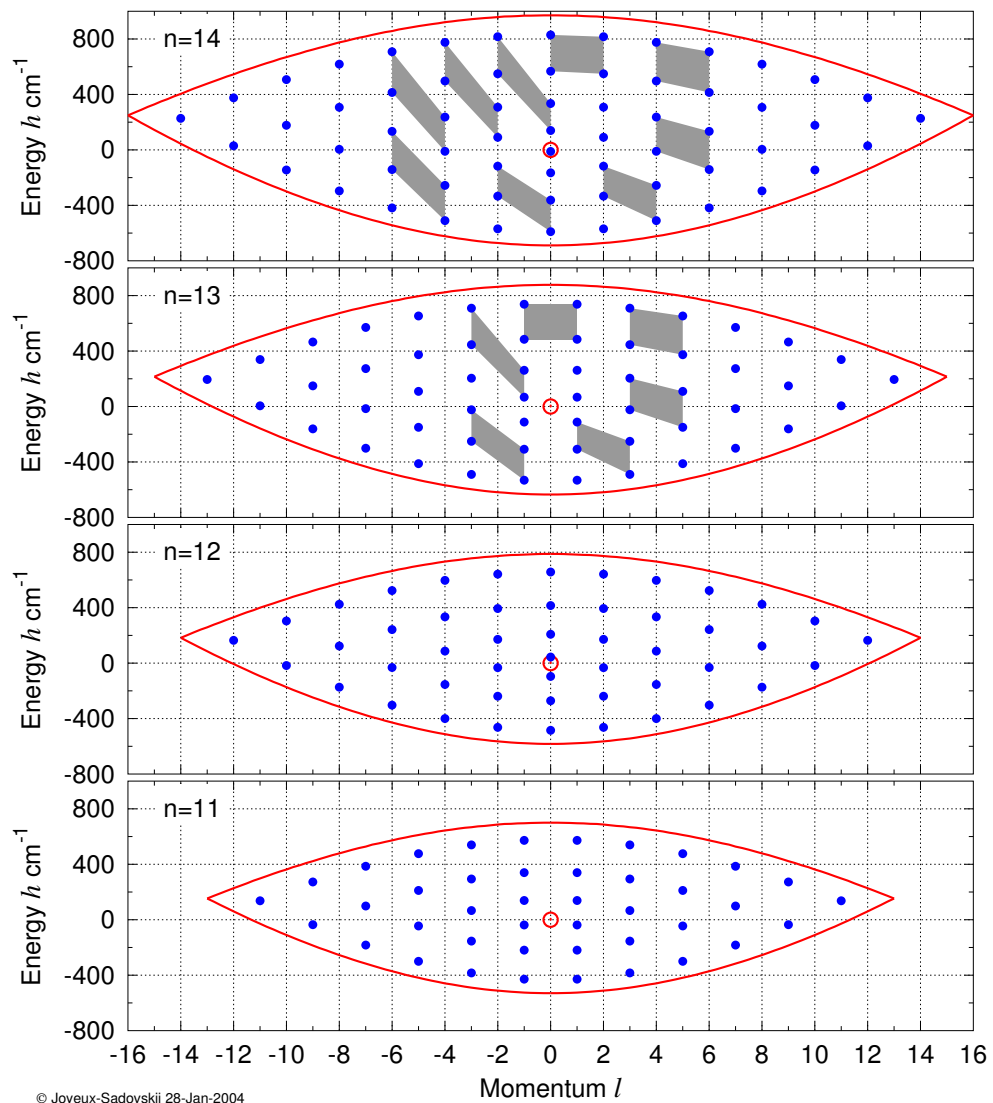




Matrix representation of monodromy for model with 1 : 1 : 2 resonance

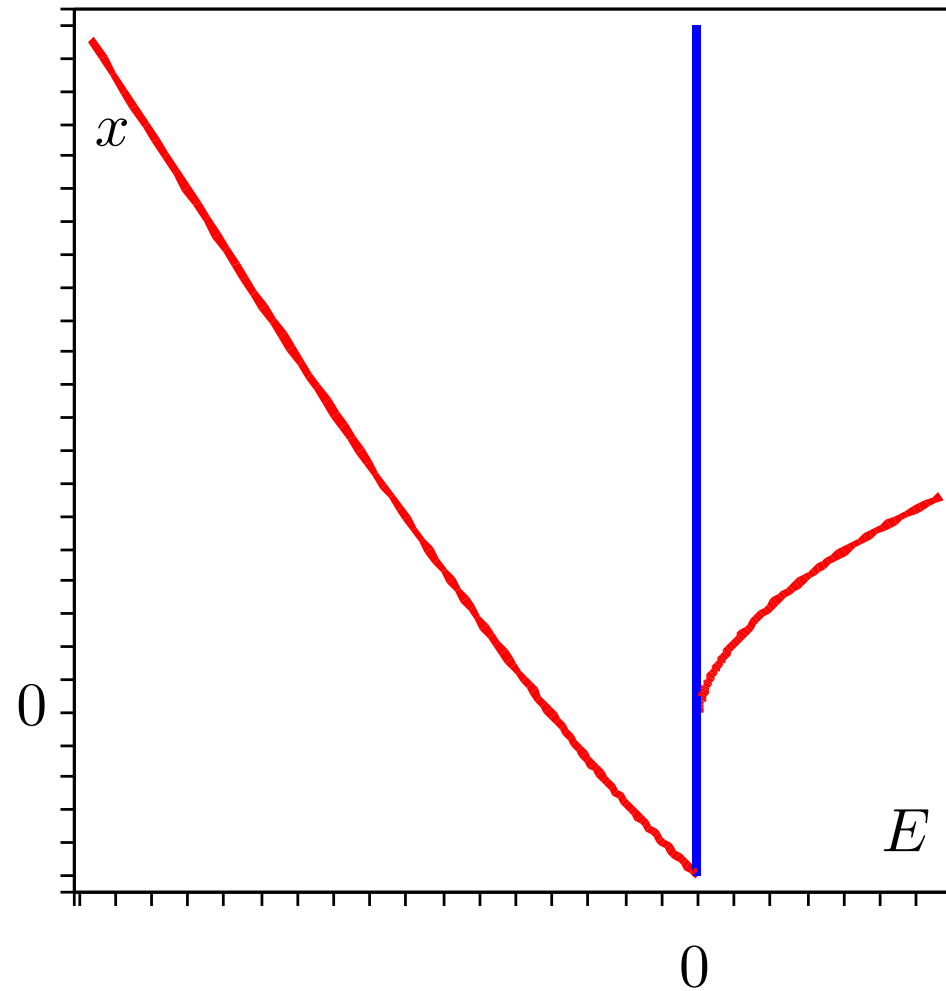
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (7)$$

The monodromy matrix is defined up to similarity transformation  $M \sim AMA^{-1}$  with  $A \in SL(3, R)$ .

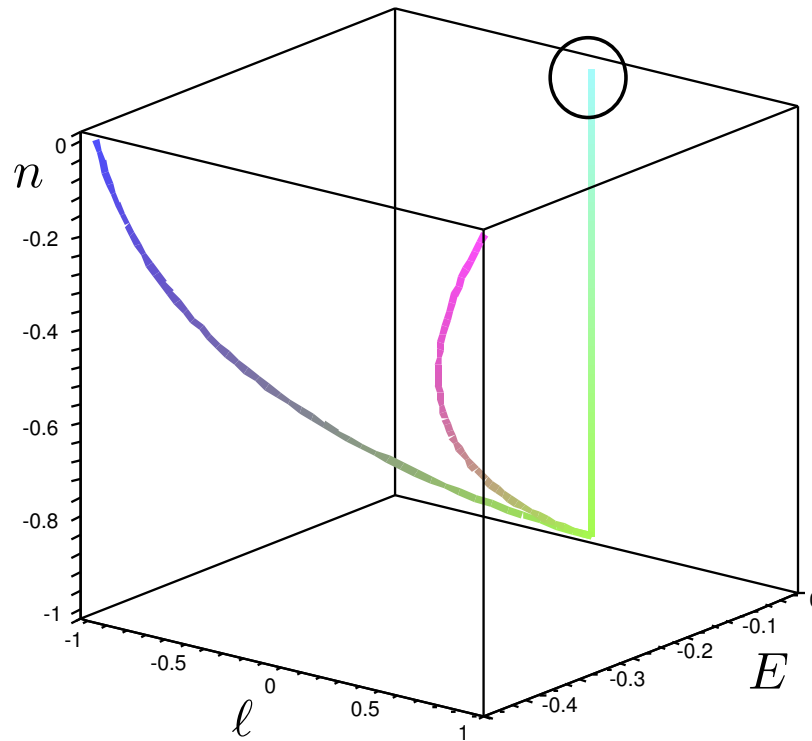


© Joyeux-Sadovskii 28-Jan-2004

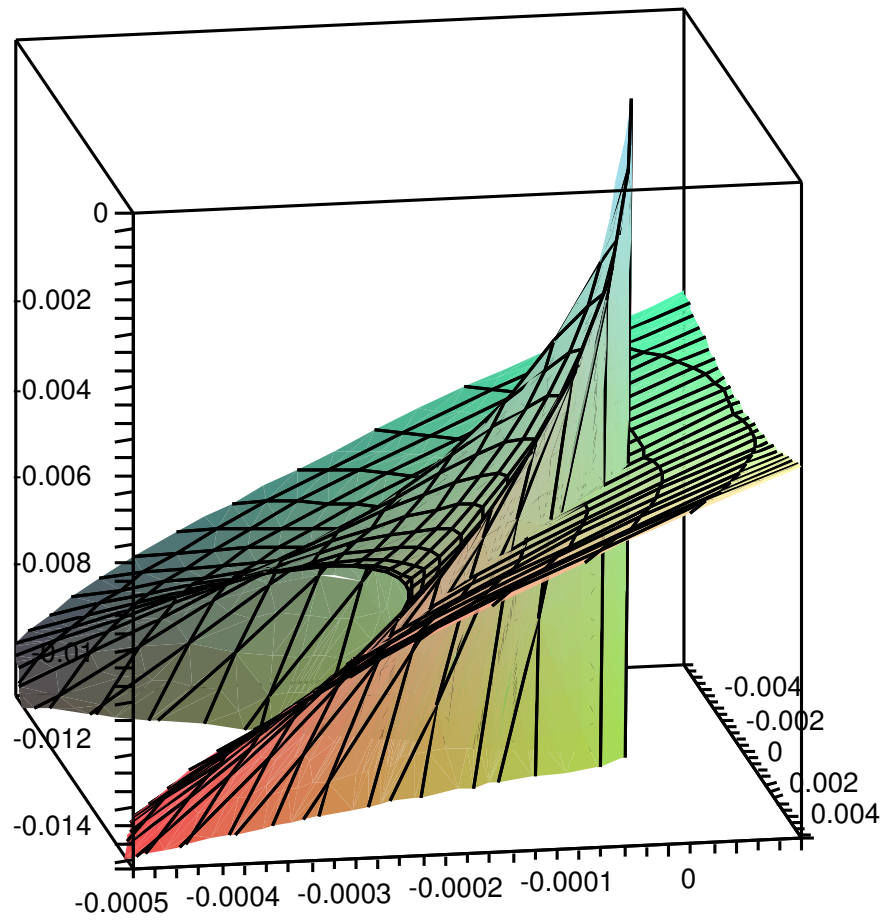


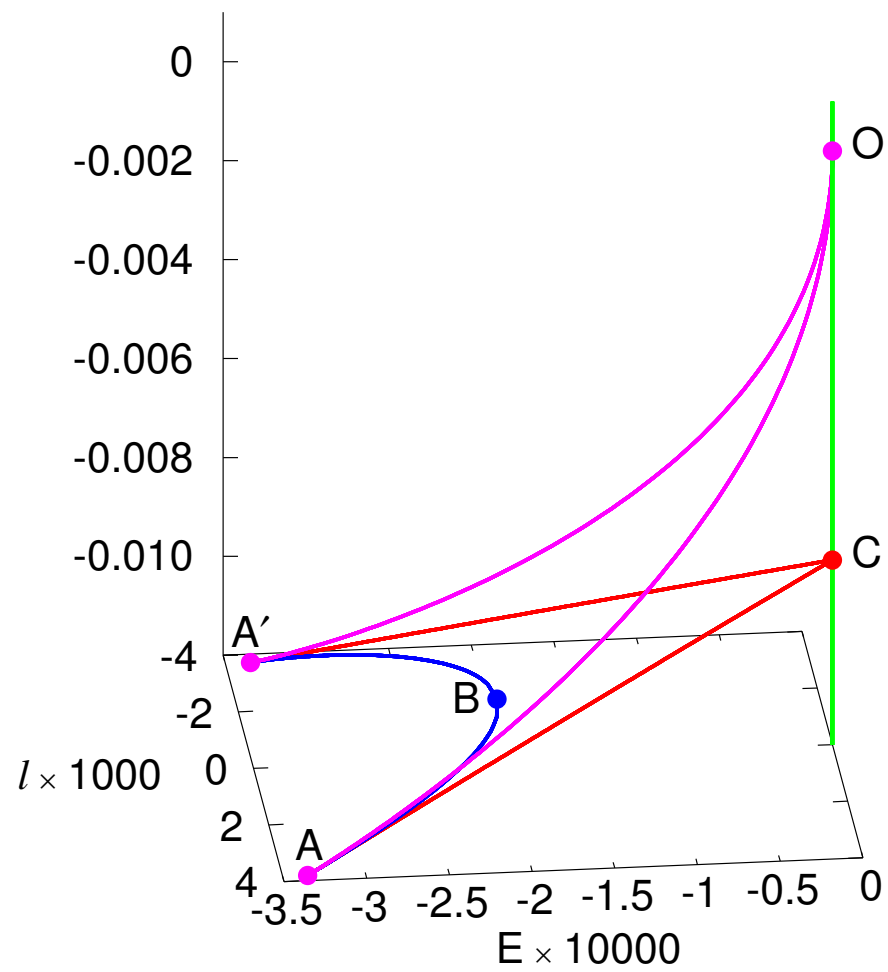


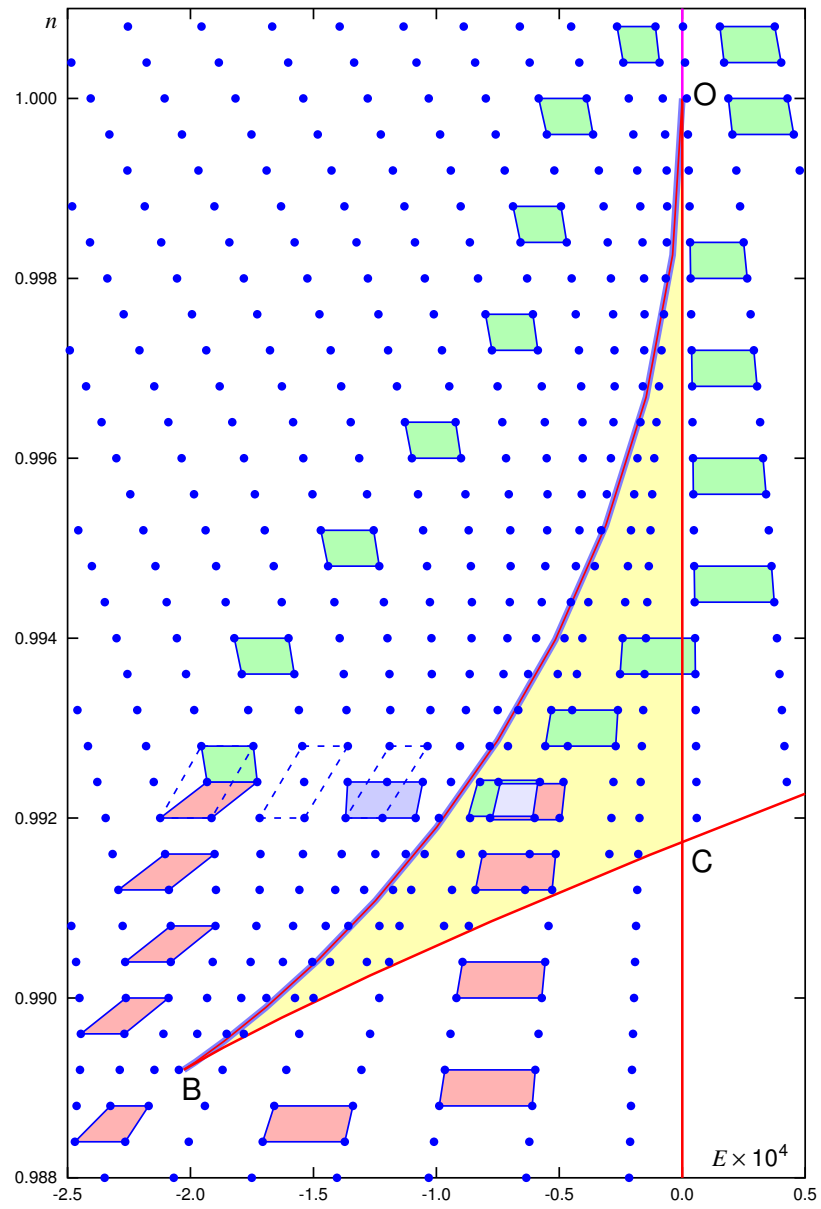
Global view of the image of energy-momentum map for  $L^2 = 0$  with small detuning.



Singular lines on the boundary of the image of the energy momentum map. The detailed representation of the boundary within the region near  $E = x = \ell = 0$  indicated by a big circle is given in the next figure.

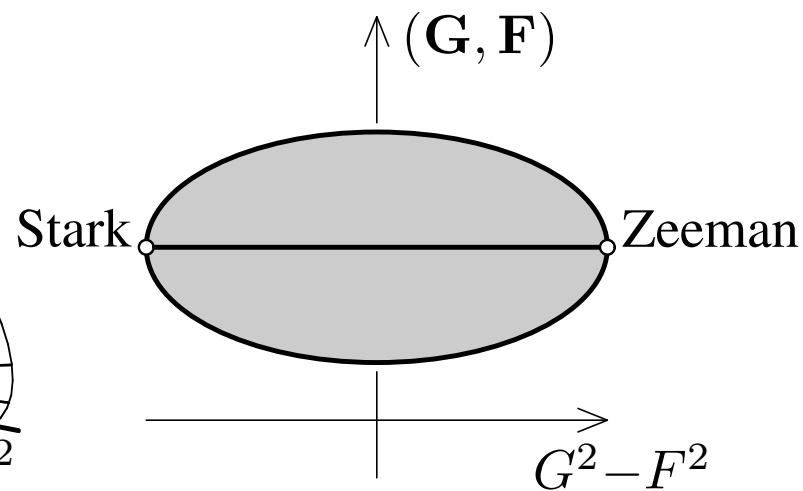
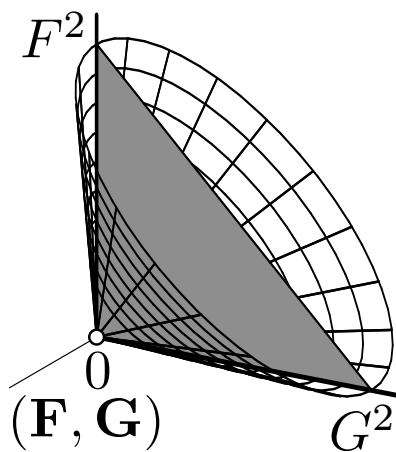
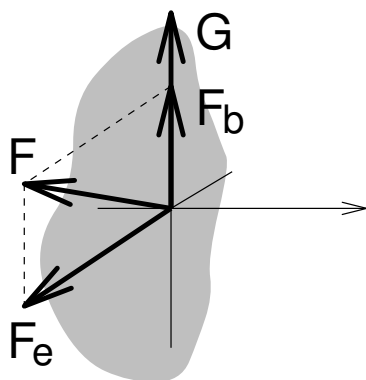


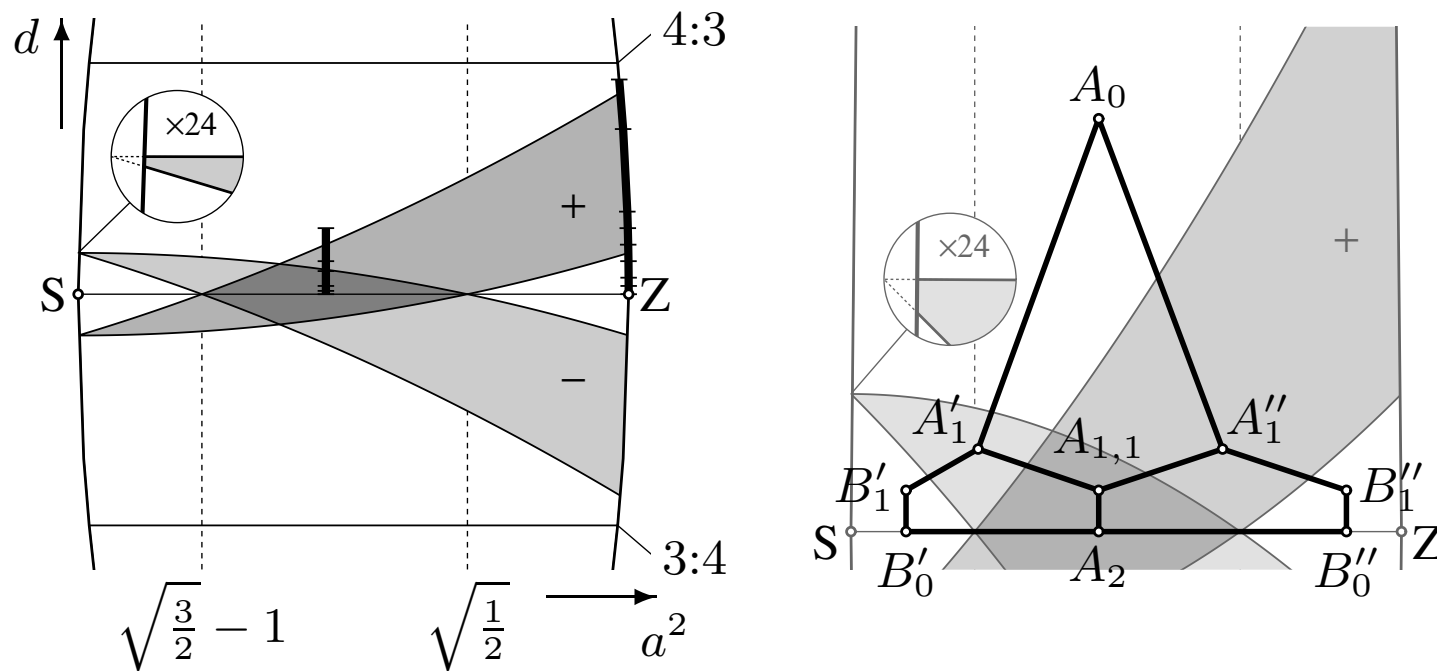




## Hydrogen atom in external electric and magnetic fields

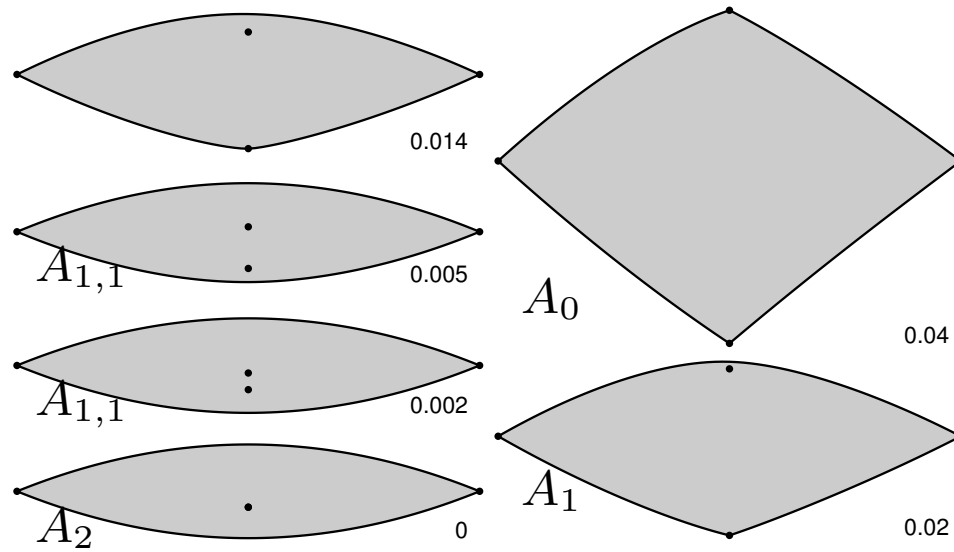
$$H = \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{P}^2 - \frac{1}{|\mathbf{Q}|} + F_e Q_2 + F_b Q_1 + \frac{G}{2} (Q_2 P_3 - Q_3 P_2) + \frac{G^2}{8} (Q_2^2 + Q_3^2) = E,$$





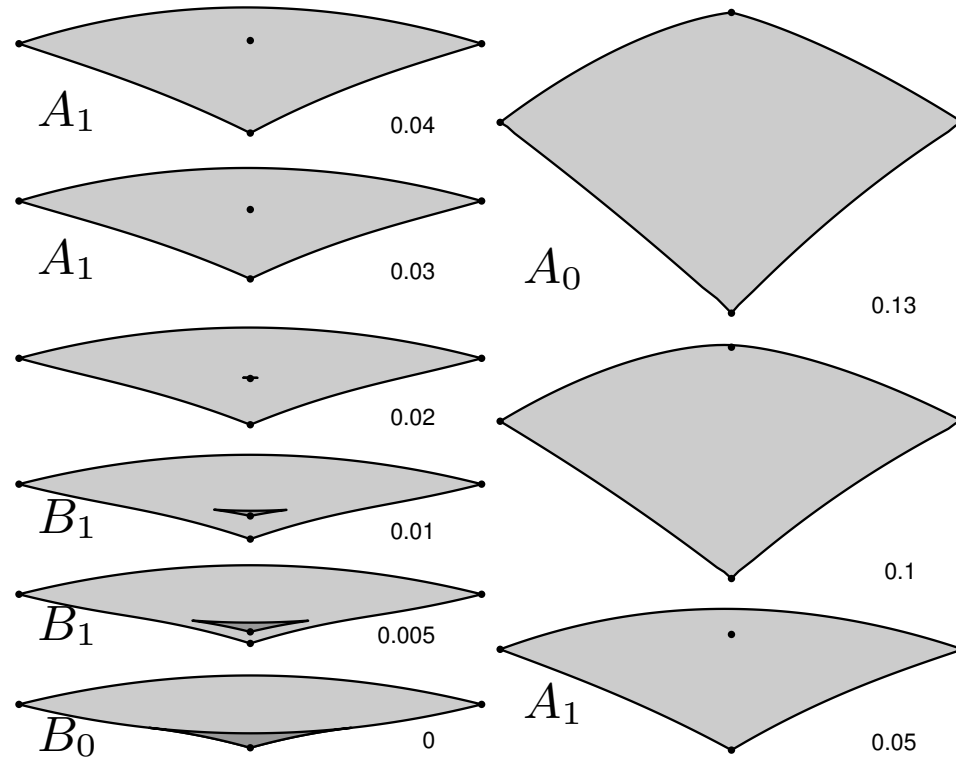
Structure of the 1:1 zone. Different dynamical strata of the zone (left) correspond to vertices of the genealogy graph (right).

path  $A_2 A_{11} A_1'' A_0$  with fixed  $a^2 = 0.45$

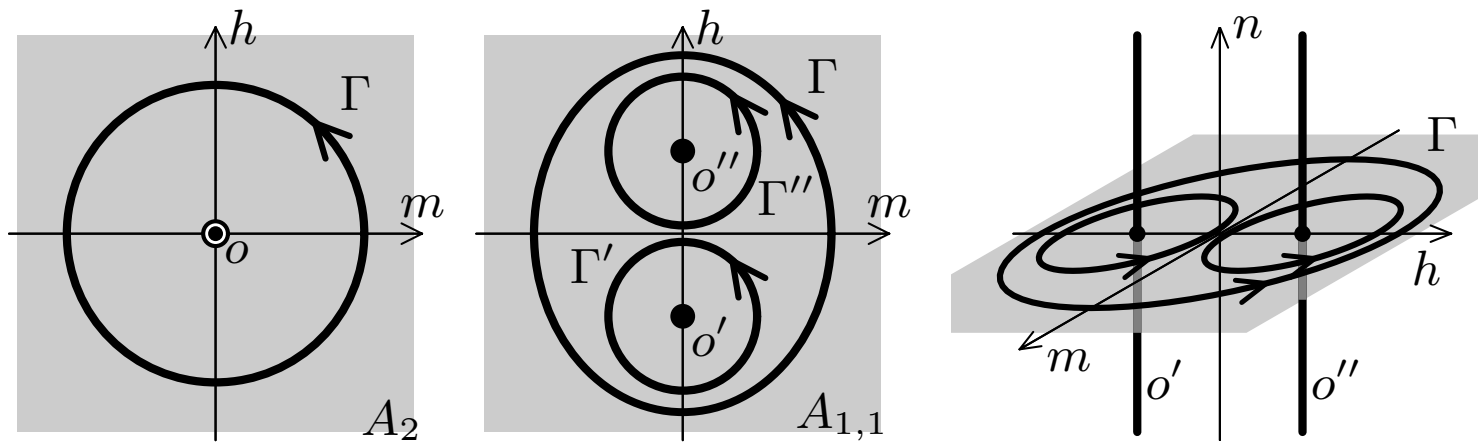




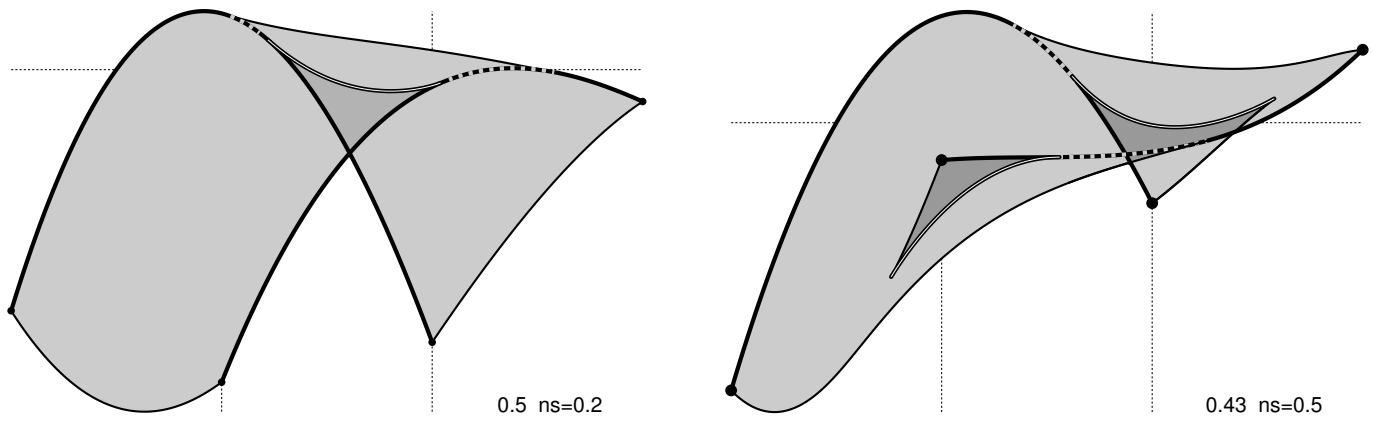
path  $B_0'' B_1'' A_1'' A_0$  for parallel fields near  $Z$



Changes (of the constant  $n$  section) of the stratified images of the energy-momentum map for detuned 1:1 systems.



Contours in the stratified range of the energy-momentum map in the 1:1 zone which encircle isolated critical values  $o$  and  $o'$  and  $o''$ .



1:2 systems with fractional bidromy (left) and fractional monodromy (right).

## References

Phys. Rep. **341**, 11, 85, 173 (2001) [*Reviews “for physicists”*]

Proc. R. Soc. A **463** 1771-1790 (2007) *H atom in fields*

Phys. Rev. Lett. **93** 024302 (2004); J. Math. Phys. **45** 5076-5100 (2004);

Ann. Phys (N.Y.) **322** 164-200 (2007) *CO<sub>2</sub>*

SIAM J. Appl. Dyn. Syst. **3** 261-351 (2004); Eur. Phys. J D **42** 61-72

(2007); *tetrahedral molecules A<sub>4</sub>, AB<sub>4</sub>*

Spectrochim. Acta A **61** 2867-2885 (2005) *O<sub>3</sub>*

Chem. Phys. Lett. **89** 439 (2003); Phys.Rev. A **69** 032504 (2004)

*LiCN, HCN*